

WOODLAND STANDARD.

DAYTON L. HACKETT, EDITOR.
WOODLAND, CAL., OCT. 25, 1879

AMERICAN TOADYISM.

If there is any one silly habit that is growing on the American people more than another it is toadyism. Since Gen. Grant landed in San Francisco it seems as though the people of the various cities he has visited have done their utmost to see who could make the biggest fools of themselves. And they have not made these great demonstrations out of any feeling of respect they have acquired for Grant as a statesman but have indulged in the reception simply because they were fashionable. And what is to be thought of a man who has occupied the highest position within the gift of the grandest government the world ever saw, who will thus travel over the country to be exhibited like a ring-tailed monkey or the educated pig. Any man of high and noble instincts would have become disgusted long ago, and have retired to the seclusion of his house as fast as steam could carry him. It may be that Grant imagines that every hand belonging to a male citizen over 21 years of age that he shakes on his tour through the Union will cast a vote for him in 1880 and that this is but a campaign tour. There are lots of fools in these United States, but we do not believe there are enough to elect Grant President again should he be the nominee of the Republican party, which we believe he will be.

The Radical leaders want a centralized Government, the Pittsburgh Post alleges, provided they can control it. If Democrats are in power they are in favor of State rights and local rule. There is a difference.

Something new under the sun has been found. It is a Chicago lawyer who has thrice refused the nomination for Judge of the Superior Court on the grounds that he does not consider himself competent to discharge properly the duties of the office. Harry Rubens is his name.

Mlle. Rosa Bonheur has just presented a picture of a life-size lion to the Spanish Government, on condition that it shall be hung in the Museum of Madrid. The rule being that the work of living artists shall not be exhibited there, an exception has been made in favor of this picture.

The London correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says from France also come a new silk that is the result not of a silkworm. On the altanto trees of Japan, planted in Paris, there has been discovered an insect, black and gray in tints, and of cocoon character. At first his hardness of case made him useless, but science and microscopes have proved the reverse. To M. le Doux we owe this discovery, and he tells us he has produced and spun a beautiful, soft lustrous and light ecru-tinted silk, that is so strong, so cheap and so stylish that the silkworm may go to grass henceforth.

Reforms in Cuba.

MADRID, October 23.—The bill for the abolition of slavery in Cuba to be presented to the Cortes provides that slaves aged 55 years and over shall become free immediately; those aged 50 in Sept. 1880; those aged 45, in 1882; those aged 40, in 1884; those aged 35, in 1886; those aged 30, in 1888, and all others in 1890. From 1880 100,000 piastres will be on the Cuban budget for defraying the expenses of emancipation. Three hundred and fifty piastres will be paid owners for each slave. The Government will, as much as possible, favor the immigration of free laborers.

The Committee on Reforms in Cuba has unanimously approved the bill providing that trade between Spain and Cuba shall only pay coasting duties, which shall be reduced one-third from July 1, 1880, and be entirely abolished in 1883 in favor of moderate differential duty. The bill also proposes to reduce by one-third, for a period of three years, duties on articles for consumption imported into Cuba, and to establish relations with the United States with a view to developing Spanish maritime trade between Cuba, Porto Rico and the United States.

The Committee on Cuban Reforms state that they rejected immediate emancipation because such a course would tend to the cessation of labor and the outbreak of disturbances.

A Tribute to Samuel J. Tilden.

The Baltimore Bulletin pays a handsome tribute to the statesman who was honestly elected President in 1876, and whose candidacy for the exalted station, in the coming campaign of next year, the Radicals most dread, in this:

"It must have been remarked by all who have observed the course of politics during the last three years as a very extraordinary evidence of political vitality on the part of Mr. Tilden, that in spite of all the abuse of which he has been the object, his popularity has been steadily on the increase. There have been few public men in America who have ever been called upon to pass through the scathing ordeal to which Mr. Tilden has been subjected. It is not too much to say that there is no other man living who could have been exposed to it and escaped uninjured. No matter how innocent he may be, it generally happens that the man who is systematically maligned is taken as guilty by the multitude, and all assertions of innocence go for nothing. It must, therefore, be regarded as remarkable that Mr. Tilden should have escaped the common fate, and that, instead of being weaker, he should be stronger than in 1876. What makes this all the more extraordinary is the fact that his worst foes have been of his own political household. Had he been exposed simply to Radical slander and abuse, his immunity from injury would not have been so surprising. We have not yet arrived at the age when men will speak well of their enemies and bestow praise upon their political opponents. It was natural enough that the Republican party should do its utmost to break Mr. Tilden down and to show that he was unworthy of the confidence and support of the American people. Whatever else they may lack, and they lack quite a number of desirable virtues, the leaders of the Republican party do not want for political shrewdness. All along they have appreciated the fact that Mr. Tilden was the most formidable candidate whom the Democratic party could nominate. Like Grant in war, Mr. Tilden occupies the position of a man who has never been beaten, and the spirit and energy which he infused into the flagging Democratic party in 1876 created conservatism and dismay in the Republican camp. The result of the election proved to the shrewd Republican managers that Mr. Tilden was not only a dangerous antagonist, but one whom it would be nearly impossible to defeat. It was felt that while the Presidential election might be stolen once, the experiment of 1877 was not one which could be repeated. If Mr. Tilden should be re-nominated, the chances of Republican success would be of a desperate character. Accordingly, it is not surprising that the Republican Press and party have directed their most strenuous efforts toward the destruction of Mr. Tilden's influence and private character. But it was not natural to expect that members of his own party should be found uniting with the Republicans in the attempt to destroy Mr. Tilden. It is true that many of the Democrats who have done so have friends of their own whom they desire to see nominated for the Presidency, but it is impossible to understand how any honest rivalry could carry them to the lengths to which they have gone. It is one thing to support a rival Presidential candidate; it is quite another to endeavor to ruin the character of a man who has been once the chosen leader of the Democratic party. We do not propose at present to enter the question of the motives of the Democratic politicians who have conspired with Republicans in the shameful work of defaming Mr. Tilden. Whatever may have been their motives, we desire to call attention to the remarkable fact that conspiracy between Democratic and Republican politicians has utterly failed of its purpose. Exposed to a constant fire of accusation and misrepresentation on both sides, Mr. Tilden has yet come out of this terrible ordeal unscathed, and holds to-day a higher place in the esteem and confidence of the people than at any former time. The reason of this is not hard to find. The charges that have been made against Mr. Tilden have not only been utterly unsubstantiated, but popular instinct has been quick to detect the conspiracy which has been formed by the politicians of both parties against him."

Of one thing there can no longer be any doubt; and that is that the tenant-farmers have reached such a pitch of desperation that they are ready, under the guidance of rash and passionate leaders, to go to almost any extreme in defense of what they have come to consider their natural rights. If the proposed league shall be organized on a basis as extensive as that projected, and in the spirit foreshadowed at the Dublin conference, one of two things must certainly come to pass. Either the landlords will have to make concessions that will practically amount very nearly to a confiscation of their incomes, or a species of conflict will be inaugurated that will scarcely be distinguished from civil war. Nothing less than a strong military occupation of the disturbed districts will suffice to protect the landlords in their legal rights. The situation has now assumed a far more critical and alarming aspect than has been witnessed at any previous stage of this most unhappy contest.—[Chronicle.

It is worthy of attention, the Brooklyn Eagle suggests, that while the Republican orator of the period "goes" valiantly for the solid South, he has none of the old time maledictions to launch at the solid Tammany Hall.

The Boston Globe says: Wonder no Republican orator ever thought to assert that the Republican party caused the short crops in Europe, which have so much to do with the betterment of the times in this country.

A New Phase.

A cable dispatch of the date of Oct. 24th to the New York Herald from Dublin furnishes information of a very extensive movement to form a strong Irish Land League. Thirty-two Irish counties sent their delegates to the preliminary conference held at Dublin on Tuesday last. The main object proposed to be attained by the projected League is stated to be to secure facilities for the occupiers of the land to become its owners. What these "facilities" were or upon what terms the ownership of the land was to be acquired by the tenants was not expressly declared. But the feeling of the conference seemed to be that no mere abatement of rents would be satisfactory, and radical remedies, approximating to a revolutionary character, were hinted at. The doctrine that "the people who till the soil have a right to live on it" met with the approval of the meeting. Parnell was unanimously elected President, and a letter from Major O'Gorman, M. P., was read, in which he declared that the Irish had more cause for resorting to violence than the French people had in 1789.

Under the circumstances the allusion to the first French Revolution has a peculiar significance. It was finally resolved to combine the agricultural counties into a solid organization to protect the farmers whose rents remain unpaid from eviction by the landlords. This seems to contemplate an organized resistance to the constituted authorities and to the legal process of the Courts, and if the movement is persisted in must lead to the most deplorable consequences.

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GOOD TIME COMING!

Everything Going Up!

An Advance All Along the Line.

TIME TAKE BY THE FORELOCK
—BY—
CULVER.

As the prices of all kinds of goods are advancing, and are liable to be on the rise for some time, I would state to the people of Woodland and Yolo county, that having laid in an immense stock of goods before the rise took place, I am prepared to give low prices on all my goods. In the line of

GROCERIES
I have as fine a stock as was ever brought to this county. My line of CROCKERY

is very complete, consisting of all the latest novelties in MAJOLICA WARE and my stock of WOOD and WILLOW ware, etc., cannot be surpassed. Inviting each and every one to call and examine prices, I remain Respectfully,
C. B. CULVER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND OPENING!

—AT THE—

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' STORE.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

OPENING DAY,
Monday, Oct. 20th.

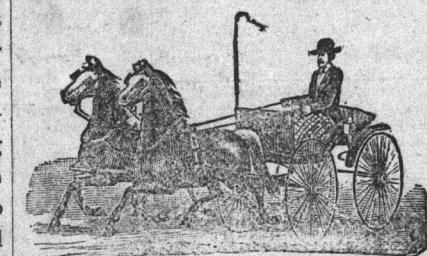
On which occasion we will place before the public the largest and finest lot of Dry Goods and Clothing ever brought to Woodland.

CHARMAK & LEVY.

SCHOOL ELECTION NOTICE!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE will be an election of the legal voters of Pine Grove School District, in Yolo County, California, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1879, at the School House in said district, for the purpose of voting a tax on the property of and in said district, whereby to raise the sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS for the purpose of finishing the School House and for the purpose of paying the indebtedness now existing on said School House. Polls open from one hour after sunrise until sundown.
Signed:
L. F. CANTERBURY,
J. D. GREGORY,
A. J. PIPKIN.
Trustees of Pine Grove School District.
Dated this 7th day of October, 1879.

CITY LIVERY STABLE.



SMITH & WHITE, Proprietors.
HAVING taken charge of the Stable formerly known as Beamer's Livery Stable, I am prepared to furnish.

STYLISH TURNOUTS
At Low prices. HORSES BOARDED by the day, week, or month, and given the best of care. A share of the public patronage solicited. ag16

SMITH & WHITE.

CASTOR OIL FOR MACHINERY,
Winter Bleached Lard Oil,
RAW and BOILED LINED OIL,
BEST SAFETY KEROSENE,
Atlantic White Lead, Sulphur,
Blue Stone and
Washing Soda
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE WHOLESAL AND RETAIL,
AT LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY
WHITTEMORE & HIGGINSON,
MAIN STREET, WOODLAND, CAL.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE COUNTY of Yolo, State of California.
WALTER E. MARTIN vs. HIS CREDITORS.
Pursuant to an order of the Honorable E. R. Bush, Judge of the said County Court, notice is hereby given to all the Creditors of said insolvent WALTER E. MARTIN, to be and appear before the said Judge, in open Court at the Court room of said Court, at Woodland, in the County of Yolo, on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1879, at one o'clock P. M., of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said insolvent should not be granted and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the Statute in such case made and provided, and in the mean time all proceedings against said insolvent be stayed.
Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this 11th day of September, 1879. D. M. BURNS, Clerk.
By JAS. C. HARLAN, Dep'ty Clerk.
C. H. Garoutte, Atty. for Petitioner. sc13-4d

PENDECAST & CO.,

WOODLAND.

Wish to call the attention of their friends of Woodland and vicinity to the fact that they have added to their stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

A FULL LINE OF

GENTS' CLOTHING,

Furnishing Goods,

HATS, ETC.,

Which they are prepared to sell as cheap as any house in the country.

GIVE US A CALL.

mar15.

NEW STORE.

HENRY CRANER

Has opened a new store in Winters, and intends to keep on hand a well selected stock of

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

MERCHANDISE, ETC.

Having bought my goods for cash, and my expenses being light, I shall sell goods as cheap as they can be bought in San Francisco, Sacramento, or Woodland.

I MEAN WHAT I SAY.

Give me a call when you want anything in my line and you will be convinced.

HENRY CRANER.

THE SEWING MACHINE

OF TO-DAY.

"DOMESTIC"
THE LIGHT RUNNING

The Most Efficient and enduring of

SEWING MACHINES.

It saves muscle, health, time and temper. Does the widest range of work with the least adjusting, least noise and least effort.

LADIES USE THE

DOMESTIC PAPER FANIONS

They are unsurpassed in STYLE and perfect in FIT.

Send stamp for catalogue. Good Agents wanted in every town.

Address, J. W. EVANS,
29 Post Street, San Francisco.
Mechanic's Institute Building.

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THE CHEAPEST AND BEST,

Eight Pages

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR.

PUBLISHED AT

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Yolo County Cal,

—BY—

D. L. HACKETT, Editor and Prop'r.

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All descriptions of Job Work at San Francisco prices.

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Issued at Woodland, Yolo county, every Saturday
BY DWIGHT L. HACKETT,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
TERMS:
One Year—In advance.....\$2 00
Six Months.....1 00

THE REASON.
To all subscribers who have paid in advance for the STANDARD we have an apology to make. Our paper is but half its usual size this week on account of a necessary change we will make next week in the time of the delivery to us of our "patent inside." We offer this apology for the non-appearance this week of the best part of our paper, and will assure our readers that the paper shall be its usual size next week and thereafter.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.
School Books, both College and Public School, at St. Louis' Variety Store.
The Grand Jury met on Monday of this week and found seven true bills for felony.
All lovers of good Tobacco, go to Elston's.
A drove of about 500 cattle were brought to Woodland this week from Oregon and sold to our dealers.
For School Books and Stationery, go to Greene's.

The German Student Lamp, the gem of all Lamps at Casler & Co. Also a varied and elegant assortment of Bronze and Glass Lamps of all styles and sizes.
There will be Episcopal services at the Advent Church to-morrow at 11 o'clock, Rev. Thos. Smith officiating.
A. C. Kean, Treasurer of Yolo county, settled with the State Oct. 22d, 1879, by paying in the sum of \$1,042.00.
Marshall Diggs, for the past five years the head man of Freeman & Co.'s hardware store left this week for a trip to his former home in Montgomery county, Missouri. Mr. Diggs goes to visit the "old folks at home." We are sorry to learn that his father is lying very ill, and is not expected to recover. Marshall will be absent about six weeks, and after making a tour over his native State, will return to California, which he calls the best country in the world. We wish him a pleasant trip and a speedy return.

We would like to make the suggestion that at the next session of the Legislature the Town Charter of Woodland be so amended to abolish the office of City Marshall. About the only work that officer has to perform is the assessing of town property and collecting taxes, and this could be done by the Town Clerk, or deputy. As far as making arrests are concerned the office is and has been a vacant one. The adoption of such an amendment might interfere with the plans of some aspirants for the position, but we think they would be the only ones opposed.

Several persons from Woodland Cal., made a trip to Oregon and Washington Territory a month or so ago, and returned with the statement that they could find no place as good as the one they left. We admit that Woodland is a good place to go to, but these men did not strike the right locality. Had they come to Coos Bay their spindles and lantern jaws would have become large, round and strong, for we have the best and most healthful climate in America. This boast is made without any reserve. We never have a funeral here unless somebody is shot, killed by accident, or negotiates a *habeas corpus* disease.—[Coos Co. Argus.]

Convention Notes.
The Capay Society has been organized with 13 members and the following officers: President, Mr. J. Pierce; Vice-President, J. H. Norton; Secretary, S. W. Munger; Treasurer, R. J. Pierce; Organist, Miss Estella Nast. Regular meetings are held twice a week, on Sunday afternoons and Wednesday evenings, and good progress is being made.
The Cacheville Glee Club has organized with a membership of twelve, and the following officers: Director, J. Safford; Secretary, A. M. Ayers; Organist, Miss Katie Fisher.
There will be nearly a hundred singers from abroad in attendance on the Convention.
The Woodland Chorus will meet on Monday evenings from this on, and the orchestra will rehearse with them.

A delegation of 12 singers from Colusa is expected at the Convention. We understand they are all experienced singers, and will be quite an addition to the already numerous attractions. Mr. Louis Nickelsburg, of Colusa, who is a fine bass singer, is down for a solo.
RAILROAD.—Messrs. Stephenson, Bates and Cutter arrived in town last Saturday afternoon, having made a complete reconnaissance of Cache creek and vicinity with a view to bringing the proposed railroad that way. They were accompanied by Mr. R. K. Nichols, whose knowledge of the country, in an engineering point of view, is unlimited and invaluable. Messrs. Bates and Stephenson left Sunday morning to inspect the Putah creek route. Napa folks had best look out, or Yolo and Solano will get away with them yet.—[Lower Lake Bulletin.]

Don't miss the Juvenile Pinafore troupe to-night. It is the best performance seen in Woodland for a long time.

From Canay.
CAPAY, Oct. 20th, 1879.
ED. STANDARD:—As I see but little in your paper concerning our thriving young Metropolis, I thought a few items would not be amiss.
Messrs. Freman & Grimes our new merchants seem to be doing a rushing business, and the community seem to appreciate them and the change they have made in the old store of F. S. Freeman & Co., which they purchased some time since. They have a large stock and a good assortment on hand and both seem to be pleasant and accommodating.

D. Levy, our Pioneer merchant has just returned from the Bay where he has been purchasing his winter stock.
J. W. Aldrich, is putting up a very fine cottage which he has leased to Mr. Giles Freman; also a brick house for the accommodation of Mr. Grimes and family. "Dad" is full of biz and we may well call him the father of Capay.
The ball given by John Doty the evening of the 15th inst. did not pan out according to the expectation, but it passed off pleasantly with a fine supper gotten up by "the" cook of the Canyon.

The "Duke" is flourishing and seems to be doing a big business.
Messrs Stewart & Benham have formed a partnership and gone into the blacksmithing business, have built them a large shop and seem to have gotten quite a trade already.
George Parker has disposed of his blacksmithing tools and stock and closed his shop. Mr. J. H. Lovell still carries on his old shop. Mr. Munger has built an addition to his shop for wagon work, so you see we are either blessed or cursed with plenty of blacksmiths and their shops.
The farmers in this vicinity are rushing their work along, getting their summer fallow sown and preparing for the rains which must soon come.

The School Trustees of this district have purchased one acre of ground in the lower end of town and will move the old house on to it in a few days. We need in this place a new school house more than anything, our present accommodations are a disgrace to any community.
Our sheep men are complaining of losing a good many sheep lately which seem to go away during the night and that seems to be the last of them. The matter will bear investigation. SCRIB.

Try the Drawing Room Smoking Tobacco and the Fountain fine cut at Elston's.
County Court—Bush, J.

Oct. 20th. J. M. Dutton vs. A. H. Nixon—Judgment for Plaintiff in the sum of \$200 and costs.
Oct. 21st. People vs. John Hoffman, John Essig, Jos. Hyman, John Woods and John McNeill—Indictments found and cases set for Thursday, Oct. 23.
Oct. 23d.—People vs. John Hoffman—Grand larceny. Plead guilty. Sentence set for November 6th.
People vs. Jos. Heyner—Burglary. Plead guilty, and received sentence of two years in the State Prison.
People vs. John Wood—Burglary. Plead guilty in second degree. Sentenced to two years in the State Prison.
People vs. John D. Winters—Felony. Time to plea set for Saturday, Oct. 25th, at 1 P. M.
People vs. John McNeill—Grand larceny. Plea of guilty entered. Sentence set for November 1st.
People vs. John Essig. Discharged.

The Juvenile Pinafore Troupe.
This troupe will appear this evening at Washington Hall, and there will be a matinee this afternoon at the same place, with the admission reduced to 50 cents to all parts of the house, and children admitted at half price. Wherever this company have appeared they have been well received, and every one who has seen them speak of the performance in the highest terms: It is said that Lester Wallace, the great New York comedian, while in San Francisco, recently witnessed one of the performances of this troupe at the Standard Theatre, and gave it as his opinion that it is the best Pinafore troupe in the United States.
We attended their performance last night, and must say that although we expected to see something good, we were astonished at the proficiency shown by the children. The singing and acting of little Flora Walsh as Josephine were simply wonderful, and would have done credit to a person that had spent years on the stage. The children taking the principal characters were each and everyone a little star, and brought down the house time and time again by their acting and singing. The little fellow that took the part of the midnight rider was simply immense, and his antics would make the sides of the most melancholy person in the world ache from laughter. The attendance was not large, but we predict that the house will be crowded to night.

About the only argument that has been used by those trying to defend the action of the Town Trustees in the water question is that they have retained the right to regulate the price of water used in the town. We believe the State of California has the right to regulate the rates of freights and fares on the railroad, but somehow or other the people are always complaining that the rates are too high, and do not seem to get any relief from their Legislatures. Opposition is the surest way to bring down the price of anything, and where exclusive privileges are granted, opposition is barred.

"Go as you Please."
The other evening two young gentlemen of Woodland, who have had the pedestrian fever pretty bad, went out to the race track, and after divesting themselves of all their surplus clothing, started on a five mile "go-as-you-please" to decide the question as to which was the best man. It is not down in the record as to which came out ahead, but the next day both were taken with terrible cramps, and while one of them was of the opinion that he had eaten something that did not agree with him, the other was certain he had an attack of typhoid fever. A diagnosis of their respective cases was made by a professional trainer, and his pronouncement a severe case of "sawdust colic" in both instances. Those who have kept up with the times as regards walking matches, will understand what this is. One of our leading physicians differs from this view of the case, and gives it as his opinion that it is a case of cholera infantum. Both the young men can be distinguished by their pale faces.

Teachers' Institute.
The annual Teachers' Institute of Yolo County will convene in Woodland on Tuesday, December 2, 1879, at 10 A. M., and will continue either three or four days, at the option of the teachers. Assistance will be secured from abroad, and the programme will be published soon. The Musical Festival of the Yolo County Musical Association will be held on the closing evenings of the Institute.
The regular semi-annual examination of teachers will commence in Woodland on Wednesday, November 26, at 9 A. M. sharp. Respectfully, H. B. PENDEGAST, Supt. of Schools.

Seed Wheat.
The Colusa "Sun" declares it to be an undeniable fact that carelessness is the cause of much loss to the farmers. Some allow their summer-fallowed land to grow up in oats, and other plants that will inevitably render the wheat unsalable, but the thing we have most cause to complain about, is the carelessness exhibited in regard to seed wheat. In the older settled regions farmers take pains to get the purest and best seed. In Europe, there are many who make a business of growing wheat for seed. They keep each variety strictly to itself and test the quality of each. The very best is then used for seed. In this State it seems when wheat is rejected by the miller and shipper, as a last resort it is used for seed. Mixed hybrid wheat is being sown from year to year until it is sometimes hard to tell what variety was intended to be planted. Half cleaned wheat is also put into the ground as though people did not expect cheat and other foreign seeds to grow. Again, we run the same seed too long; the same land. Seed ought to be changed often. New seed ought to be brought into the country. It would be a very great improvement to have the wheat grown around the coast brought to this climate—that is, good clean wheat.
We have all noticed how a new variety of wheat will take a run in a neighborhood, and then in a few years grow into disfavor. This is only because the constant repetition on the same land wears it out. We therefore call upon farmers to see to this matter the coming season. Swap wheat with people who have a different kind of soil and then clean it well. Put it through the fan-mill until there is no cheat, no oats, no barley, no other seed in it but the pure wheat. It will pay a bigger per centage on the investment than any other work that can be done on the farm.—[Napa Reporter.]

Operations of the General Land Office.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 22d.—A statement prepared from the forthcoming annual report of the Commissioners of the General Land Office shows that during the last fiscal year 348 mining patents were issued, embracing 13,968 acres of mineral land; 622 mineral entries were made, and at the close of the fiscal year 1,642 remained undisposed of. Eight hundred of this number however had been examined and suspended for further proof, or on account of contest. Two thousand four hundred and forty-seven agricultural claims on the land withdrawn as mineral remain undisposed of, but on 693 of them hearing has been ordered. Five hundred and sixteen agricultural claims on withdrawn land were decided during the fiscal year. Fourteen thousand four hundred and forty-three acres of swamp land were certified to the State of California in the past twelve months, making a total of 1,763,163 acres since the State was admitted to the Union. Swamp lands patented to all the States aggregate, up to July 1st, about 69,000,000 acres.

BORN.
Near Knight's Landing; Oct. 18, 1879, to the wife of H. S. Brown, a daughter.
At Williams, Colusa county, Cal., Wednesday, Oct. 15th, 1879, to the wife of Smith Morrison, a son.

Examples of British Justice.
A private in one of Her Britannic Majesty's best regiments was recently imprisoned fourteen days, for being out of quarters a few minutes too late although his officers knew that his detention was caused by saving a child from drowning, at the risk of his own life. An English magistrate, a few days ago, fined a laborer for leaving his work without permission to rescue a man who had been overpowered by a maniac. Discipline in the military service, and duty on the part of those employed in any capacity, are alike essential, and should be scrupulously obeyed as the rule. But in instances like the two above-mentioned, the virtue rests with the soldier and the laborer, and the injustice and wrong with the army officers and the magistrates. Had death ensued in the case of the child, or in that of the man encountered by the maniac, community generally and the sense of humanity, would alike have held the soldier and the laborer more or less responsible, and rightly might the censure be applied. In time of war, when the troops are in active service, and every man should be at his post, there might be some show of propriety in inflicting such punishment as the soldier suffered, under similar circumstances—although many will think to the contrary. But to so inexorably enforce the regulation with soldiers in garrison, in the midst of peace, with no enemy within thousands of miles and, no probable requirement of troops for instant service, is as absurd as it was in the case above stated, criminally severe. As to the conduct of the magistrate, no palliation can be fairly pleaded or justly allowed in his case. And the complaining party in the case—whether the employer or his agent—deserves to be advertised to the world for his inhuman action. The effect in each case must be to deter all who are prompted to save life, in similar instances, from doing so, under penalty of the military rules and regulations, and of the civil law. It is weighing the value of a few minutes of the time of the soldier or the laborer in the balance with human life, and awarding the preference to time and against life. It is as a premium to the savagery of nature which pities not the sufferer, and mocks at the dying. Possibly, had the soldier seen the dog of his Captain in peril of death and rushed to its rescue, his punishment would have been more severe. But it was only a child he rescued from death; and the child—happily for it—was not the Captain's. Should the condemning officer at any time be struggling in the water in full view of the punished soldier, or the inhuman complainant or the magistrate, in the laborer's case, hereafter be attacked by a madman, each of the poor fellows will take warning by their punishment and govern themselves accordingly. In case of death, in each case, the Coroner's jury might add to the verdict the sufficient remark—"Served him right." They who punish others for rescuing life shall not be themselves rescued from death.—[Examiner.]

The Causes of Indians Wars.
At present the Interior Department and the War Department are accusing each other of being responsible for the outbreak. Probably both are somewhat to blame in the matter, but the failure of the General Government and the State Governments to control the citizens within their jurisdictions is, after all, the most influential factor in this connection. The Government makes treaties with the Indians which it ought not to make, because it has not the power of guaranteeing their fulfillment. Every Administration is the slave of party. Every member of the Cabinet and Congress is a politician. And no politician can be found to stand up resolutely for the rights of the people who have no votes, against the encroachments of those who have votes. One obvious and deplorable result of this condition of things is that our treaties with the Indians have been as a rule without binding force. Some years ago there was great trouble with the Apaches. It was said that peace could not be made with them, because they had no tribal organization, and therefore there could be no assurance that the pledges given by the chiefs would be adhered to by the followers. Now in our intercourse with the Indians the result of our treaties has been precisely what it would have been had we possessed no tribal organization. Our Government has all the time been making agreements which it could not

carry out. If one Government set apart such and such a region as an Indian reservation, and undertook to guarantee its possession forever to the Indians, another Government would come into power a few years later, and yielding to popular or party pressure, would proceed to tear up the treaty, and insist on moving the Indians on to some other and perhaps far less eligible location. It is no wonder that Indian wars have been constant, for the system breeds them. The only wonder is that we should ever have had peace with the Indians. And in the future the same state of things will continue, until the Indians are all killed off and it is no longer possible to do them wrong. Then it will be tardily recognized that no other end was possible to so utterly lawless a method of procedure, but politicians will doubtless be found to demonstrate that the people whose insatiable greed caused the annihilation of the original inhabitants were perfectly right, and that Providence had always intended the Indians to be exterminated.—[Record Union.]

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Ladies, who desire to dress well. The most stylish and perfect fitting costumes can be produced at a large saving in money by using the "Domestic" Paper Fashions. Patterns mailed to any address on receipt of price in postage stamps. Send stamp for catalogue to J. W. EVANS, "Domestic" Fashion Parlor, San Francisco.

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THE FINAL CALL!
LAST CHANCE FOR WOODLAND.
KING
GOES OUT OF THE BUSINESS.
NOTICE.
Possibly you may get some one better in his stead, but probably not.

FOR A SHORT TIME:
Card Photos,\$1.50 per doz.
Cabinets, 3.50 per doz.
BABIES IN ARMS POSITIVELY NOT ADMITTED.
I want to sell my entire fit-out of Gallery, Negatives, etc. Going exclusively into viewing, and Copying, Enlarging and Printing. Shall still keep my headquarters at Woodland, giving up gallery work. I know there are many of my friends who would like to take the advantage before I give up the business—some who appreciate a good picture and know one when they get it. Money is pretty tight, so we'll compromise and give all a fair show. So look to it.

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P. S.—My View Wagon is at all times in readiness to make trips to any part of the county. Views of residences, etc., at reduced rates, and warranted superior do anything of the sort ever done in the country. Now is your time. See to it. KING, Photo.

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FIRST CLASS BOARD,

Large and Well Furnished Rooms

By the Day or Week.
THE TABLE

Will at all times be supplied with the best the Market affords.

T. M. PRIOR,
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Everything in my line will be kept on hand or made to order in first-class style.
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WOODLAND STANDARD.
D. L. HACKETT, EDITOR.
WOODLAND, CAL., OCT. 25, 1879

PAINLESS DEATH.—In one of his lectures Prof. Tyndall spoke of the great probability that entire absence of pain accompanied death by lightning. It is popularly supposed that an impression made by the nerves, a blow or puncture is felt at the precise instant it is inflicted, but such is not the fact. The seat of sensation is the brain, and intelligence of the injury must be transmitted to this organ through a certain set of nerves, acting as telegraph wires, before we become conscious of pain. This transmission or telegraphing from the seat of injury to the brain takes time, longer or shorter, according to the distance of the injured part from the brain, and according to the susceptibility of the particular nervous system operated on. Helmholtz, by experiments, determined the velocity of this nervous transmission in the frog to be a little over 85 feet per second, in the whale about 100 feet per second, and in man at an average of 200 feet per second. If, for instance a whale 50 feet long were wounded in the tail, it would not become conscious of the injury until half a second after the wound had been inflicted. But this is not the only ingredient in the delay. It is believed that in every act of consciousness a determined molecular arrangement of the brain takes place, so that, besides the interval of transmission a still further time is necessary for the brain to put itself in order or its molecules to take up the motions or positions necessary for the completion of consciousness. Helmholtz considers that one-tenth of a second is required for this purpose. Therefore, in the case of a whale, one second and one tenth would elapse before an impression made upon its caudal nerves could be responded to by a whale 50 feet long.

WESTERN HUMOR.—"Let's see, they raise some wheat in Minnesota, don't they?" asked a Scholastic Granger of a Minnesota farmer "Raise wheat? We raise wheat? No, sir; decidedly no, sir. It raises itself. Why, if we undertook to cultivate wheat in that State it would run us out. There wouldn't be any place to put our house." "But I've been told that grasshoppers take a good deal of it," "Of course they do. If they didn't I don't know what we would do. The darned stuff would run all over the State and drive us out—choke us up. Those grasshoppers are a godsend, only there ain't half enough of 'em." "Is the wheat nice and plump?" Plump! Why I don't know what you call plump wheat, but there are seventeen in our family, including ten servants, and when we want bread we just go out and fetch in a kernel of wheat and bake it."

A Western traveler came up to a log cabin and asked for a drink, which was supplied by a good looking young woman. As she was the first woman he had seen for several days, he offered her a dollar for a kiss. It was duly taken and paid for and the young hostess, who never seen a dollar before, looked at him a moment with some curiosity, then asked what she should do with it. He replied what she choose, as it was hers. "If that's the case," said she, "you may take it back and give me another kiss."

THE SALE OF HORSE HAIR.—In the item of horse hair a business has been developed in Corpus Christi, Texas, within the last few years, amounting to 175,000 to 200,000 pounds annually. It is one of the good results of close times teaching economy. The exports are gradually increasing, and greater attention is being paid by the rancheros in the preservation of this product.

"How shall we train our girls?" asks an exchange. Train 'em with about twenty-two yards of black silk, if you want to please your girls. A silk velvet train would also make them happy.

The man what bored the first oil well is still alive, and residing at Bethlehem Pennsylvania. The man who bored the first editor went to his grave years ago, "unwept, unhonored and unhung."

A lady who was more favored by fortune than education, at a party desired her daughter to "play the fashionable melody" she got last week.

A handkerchief flirtation is a very simple thing. It only requires two fools and two handkerchiefs.

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Which they are prepared to sell as cheap as any house in the country.

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Has opened a new store in Winters, and intends to keep on hand a well selected stock of

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MERCHANDISE, ETC.

Having bought my goods for cash, and my expenses being light, I shall sell goods as cheap as they can be bought in San Francisco, Sacramento, or Woodland.

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